

(2Z)-4-[(2-Hydroxyphenyl)carbamoyl]-prop-2-enoic acid

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Received 1 November 2010; accepted 5 November 2010

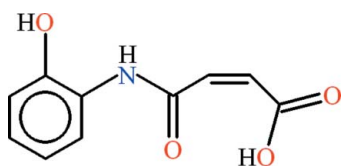
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.030; wR factor = 0.082; data-to-parameter ratio = 7.2.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_9\text{NO}_4$, the 2-hydroxyanilinic and the 4-oxobut-2-enoic acid groups are almost planar, with r.m.s. deviations of 0.0086 and 0.0262 Å, respectively. The dihedral angle between the two groups is $6.65(1)^\circ$. Intramolecular N—H \cdots O, C—H \cdots O and O—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds form $S(5)$, $S(6)$ and $S(7)$ ring motifs. In the crystal, the molecules are dimerized due to C—H \cdots O and O—H \cdots O intermolecular hydrogen bonds, with $R_2^2(8)$ ring motifs. The dimers are interlinked into polymeric chains along [010] with $R_4^3(13)$ ring motifs by C—H \cdots O, N—H \cdots O and O—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For background and a related structure, see: Shah *et al.* (2008).

For graph-set notation, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_9\text{NO}_4$

$M_r = 207.18$

Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$

$a = 6.7873(3)$ Å

$b = 10.6855(4)$ Å

$c = 12.8442(4)$ Å

$V = 931.54(6)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.12$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K
 $0.32 \times 0.25 \times 0.24$ mm

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.968$, $T_{\max} = 0.978$

4118 measured reflections
997 independent reflections
944 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.015$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$

$wR(F^2) = 0.082$

$S = 1.09$

997 reflections

138 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.17$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1 \cdots O1	0.86	2.20	2.6111 (19)	109
O1—H1A \cdots O4 ⁱ	0.82	1.94	2.7282 (18)	162
O3—H3A \cdots O2	0.82	1.67	2.4881 (18)	175
C3—H3 \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.47	3.374 (2)	164
C6—H6 \cdots O2	0.93	2.26	2.850 (2)	121
C8—H8 \cdots O4 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.57	3.404 (2)	150

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y - 1, z$; (ii) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997) and PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999) and PLATON.

The authors acknowledge the provision of funds for the purchase of the diffractometer and encouragement by Dr Muhammad Akram Chaudhary, Vice Chancellor, University of Sargodha, Pakistan.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BQ2250).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o3172 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810045496]

(2Z)-4-[(2-Hydroxyphenyl)carbamoyl]prop-2-enoic acid

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Comment

We reported the crystal structure of (II) *i.e.*, 4-[(2-Fluorophenyl)amino]-4-oxobutanoic acid (Shah *et al.*, 2008), previously. The title compound (I, Fig. 1), has been prepared in continuation to synthesize substituted oxobutanoic acids.

In (I), the 2-hydroxyanilinic group (C1—C6/O1/N1) and the other part *i.e.*, 4-oxobut-2-enoic acid (C7—C10/O2/O3/O4) are planar with r.m.s. deviation of 0.0086 Å and 0.0262 Å, respectively. The dihedral angle between two groups is 6.65 (1)°. The intramolecular H-bondings of N—H···O, C—H···O and O—H···O types (Table 1, Fig. 1) complete S(5), S(6) and S(7) ring motifs (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). Generally, the carboxylic acids are dimerized through O—H···O bonds with $R_2^2(8)$ ring motifs but the molecules of (I) are dimerized in a different way. The molecules of (I) are dimerized due to C—H···O and O—H···O intermolecular H-bondings with $R_2^2(8)$ ring motifs (Table 1, Fig. 2). In these dimers the donor and acceptor groups are from separate molecules. This change has been occurred due to the attachment of hydroxy group at the position-2 of benzene ring and the presence of carbonyl group. The dimers are interlinked in the form of polymeric chains extending along the crystallographic b-axis *i.e.*, along [010] with $R_4^3(13)$ ring motifs due to C—H···O, N—H···O and O—H···O types of H-bondings (Table 1, Fig. 2).

Experimental

2-Hydroxyaniline (10.9 g, 0.1 mol) was dissolved in 30 ml of glacial acetic acid. A solution of Maleic anhydride (9.8 g, 0.1 mol) in 50 ml glacial acetic acid was added and the mixture was stirred overnight. The precipitate which appeared were filtered, washed with distilled water and dried at 313–315 K. The acid was recrystallized from acetone to get yellow prisms of title compound. (Yield: 85%, m.p. 415 K)

Refinement

The H-atoms were positioned geometrically with (O—H = 0.82, N—H = 0.86, C—H = 0.93 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C, N, O})$, where $x = 1.2$ for all H-atoms.

Figures

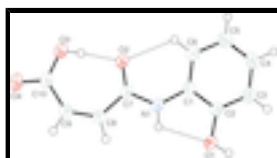


Fig. 1. View of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. The thermal displacements are drawn at the 50% probability level. The dotted line indicate the intramolecular H-bond.

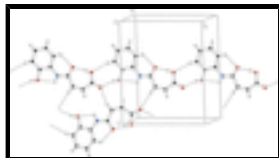


Fig. 2. The partial packing (*PLATON*; Spek, 2009) which shows that molecules form one-dimensional polymeric network due to strong intermolecular H-bondings.

(2*Z*)-4-[(2-Hydroxyphenyl)carbamoyl]prop-2-enoic acid

Crystal data

$C_{10}H_9NO_4$	$F(000) = 432$
$M_r = 207.18$	$D_x = 1.477 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab	Cell parameters from 944 reflections
$a = 6.7873 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 3.2\text{--}25.2^\circ$
$b = 10.6855 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 12.8442 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 296 \text{ K}$
$V = 931.54 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$	Prism, yellow
$Z = 4$	$0.32 \times 0.25 \times 0.24 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer	997 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	944 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: $8.2 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.015$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.2^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.2^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2005)	$h = -7 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.968$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.978$	$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
4118 measured reflections	$l = -15 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.082$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.09$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.050P)^2 + 0.1393P]$
997 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
138 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.17 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles *etc.* have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.0644 (3)	-0.02680 (12)	0.57792 (9)	0.0460 (5)
O2	0.0945 (3)	0.39908 (12)	0.45571 (10)	0.0498 (5)
O3	0.0839 (4)	0.62508 (12)	0.50201 (11)	0.0565 (6)
O4	0.0659 (3)	0.73178 (12)	0.64703 (12)	0.0519 (5)
N1	0.0940 (3)	0.21180 (13)	0.53692 (11)	0.0339 (4)
C1	0.0933 (3)	0.12928 (16)	0.45057 (14)	0.0311 (5)
C2	0.0788 (3)	0.00188 (16)	0.47494 (13)	0.0333 (5)
C3	0.0808 (3)	-0.08600 (17)	0.39600 (15)	0.0397 (6)
C4	0.0939 (4)	-0.04766 (19)	0.29330 (16)	0.0416 (6)
C5	0.1054 (3)	0.07754 (19)	0.26907 (14)	0.0403 (6)
C6	0.1071 (3)	0.16658 (18)	0.34720 (14)	0.0358 (5)
C7	0.0946 (3)	0.33779 (16)	0.53732 (14)	0.0312 (5)
C8	0.0967 (3)	0.39436 (16)	0.64192 (14)	0.0341 (5)
C9	0.0918 (3)	0.51549 (17)	0.66740 (14)	0.0366 (5)
C10	0.0796 (3)	0.63080 (16)	0.60326 (15)	0.0384 (6)
H1	0.09395	0.17669	0.59717	0.0407*
H1A	0.06683	-0.10302	0.58522	0.0552*
H3	0.07345	-0.17079	0.41187	0.0476*
H3A	0.09210	0.55176	0.48367	0.0677*
H4	0.09499	-0.10695	0.24030	0.0499*
H5	0.11194	0.10243	0.19978	0.0483*
H6	0.11753	0.25104	0.33063	0.0430*
H8	0.10215	0.33850	0.69736	0.0409*
H9	0.09700	0.53039	0.73868	0.0439*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0805 (11)	0.0226 (6)	0.0350 (7)	0.0016 (8)	-0.0057 (7)	0.0025 (5)
O2	0.0934 (12)	0.0237 (6)	0.0322 (7)	0.0007 (8)	-0.0019 (10)	0.0017 (5)
O3	0.1077 (14)	0.0221 (7)	0.0396 (8)	0.0033 (10)	-0.0012 (10)	0.0015 (5)
O4	0.0801 (11)	0.0239 (6)	0.0518 (9)	-0.0005 (8)	-0.0008 (9)	-0.0067 (6)
N1	0.0494 (9)	0.0225 (7)	0.0299 (7)	0.0008 (8)	-0.0004 (9)	0.0006 (5)

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C1	0.0335 (9)	0.0249 (9)	0.0350 (9)	0.0011 (8)	-0.0023 (10)	-0.0039 (7)
C2	0.0402 (9)	0.0262 (9)	0.0335 (9)	0.0014 (9)	-0.0038 (9)	0.0005 (7)
C3	0.0480 (11)	0.0256 (9)	0.0455 (11)	-0.0017 (10)	-0.0046 (11)	-0.0065 (8)
C4	0.0467 (12)	0.0376 (10)	0.0404 (10)	-0.0027 (10)	-0.0003 (10)	-0.0120 (8)
C5	0.0449 (12)	0.0440 (11)	0.0319 (9)	-0.0015 (11)	-0.0008 (10)	-0.0026 (8)
C6	0.0426 (10)	0.0302 (9)	0.0347 (9)	0.0011 (9)	0.0009 (10)	0.0018 (8)
C7	0.0374 (9)	0.0213 (8)	0.0348 (9)	0.0002 (8)	-0.0006 (10)	0.0014 (7)
C8	0.0446 (11)	0.0257 (8)	0.0319 (9)	-0.0006 (10)	0.0016 (10)	0.0040 (7)
C9	0.0466 (10)	0.0314 (9)	0.0318 (9)	-0.0016 (10)	0.0028 (10)	-0.0031 (7)
C10	0.0481 (12)	0.0245 (9)	0.0427 (10)	-0.0014 (10)	-0.0009 (11)	-0.0025 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C2	1.361 (2)	C3—C4	1.384 (3)
O2—C7	1.236 (2)	C4—C5	1.376 (3)
O3—C10	1.302 (2)	C5—C6	1.383 (3)
O4—C10	1.220 (2)	C7—C8	1.473 (3)
O1—H1A	0.8200	C8—C9	1.336 (2)
O3—H3A	0.8200	C9—C10	1.485 (3)
N1—C1	1.417 (2)	C3—H3	0.9300
N1—C7	1.346 (2)	C4—H4	0.9300
N1—H1	0.8600	C5—H5	0.9300
C1—C2	1.400 (2)	C6—H6	0.9300
C1—C6	1.389 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
C2—C3	1.382 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
O1...O4 ⁱ	2.7282 (18)	C7...C1 ^{viii}	3.424 (3)
O1...N1	2.6111 (19)	C8...C6 ^{ix}	3.528 (3)
O1...C5 ⁱⁱ	3.368 (3)	C8...C1 ^{ix}	3.583 (3)
O2...C10	3.120 (2)	C8...C6 ^{viii}	3.389 (3)
O2...C6	2.850 (2)	C8...C5 ^{viii}	3.538 (3)
O2...O3	2.4881 (18)	C8...O4 ^{vi}	3.404 (2)
O3...O2	2.4881 (18)	C9...C5 ^{viii}	3.543 (3)
O3...C3 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.374 (2)	C9...C4 ^{viii}	3.434 (3)
O3...C7	3.104 (2)	C9...C4 ^{ix}	3.462 (3)
O4...C8 ^{iv}	3.404 (2)	C9...C3 ^{ix}	3.500 (3)
O4...C5 ^v	3.404 (3)	C10...C3 ^{viii}	3.419 (3)
O4...O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.7282 (18)	C10...O2	3.120 (2)
O1...H1	2.2000	C10...C3 ^{ix}	3.435 (3)
O1...H5 ⁱⁱ	2.8200	C4...H6 ^{xii}	3.0400
O1...H9 ^{vi}	2.6700	C6...H4 ^{vii}	3.0000
O2...H6	2.2600	C7...H3A	2.3900
O2...H4 ^{vii}	2.8300	C7...H6	2.8200
O2...H3A	1.6700	C8...H3A	2.6400
O3...H3 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.4700	C10...H1A ⁱⁱⁱ	2.8600
O4...H5 ^v	2.8900	H1...O1	2.2000

O4...H1A ⁱⁱⁱ	1.9400	H1...H8	2.1600
O4...H8 ^{iv}	2.5700	H1A...O4 ⁱ	1.9400
N1...O1	2.6111 (19)	H1A...C10 ⁱ	2.8600
C1...C7 ^{viii}	3.407 (3)	H1A...H3	2.3400
C1...C7 ^{ix}	3.424 (3)	H3...O3 ⁱ	2.4700
C1...C8 ^{viii}	3.583 (3)	H3...H1A	2.3400
C3...O3 ⁱ	3.374 (2)	H3A...O2	1.6700
C3...C9 ^{viii}	3.500 (3)	H3A...C7	2.3900
C3...C10 ^{viii}	3.435 (3)	H3A...C8	2.6400
C3...C10 ^{ix}	3.419 (3)	H4...O2 ^{xii}	2.8300
C4...C9 ^{viii}	3.462 (3)	H4...C6 ^{xii}	3.0000
C4...C9 ^{ix}	3.434 (3)	H4...H6 ^{xii}	2.2800
C5...C8 ^{ix}	3.538 (3)	H5...O1 ^x	2.8200
C5...O1 ^x	3.368 (3)	H5...O4 ^{xi}	2.8900
C5...O4 ^{xi}	3.404 (3)	H6...O2	2.2600
C5...C9 ^{ix}	3.543 (3)	H6...C7	2.8200
C6...C8 ^{ix}	3.389 (3)	H6...C4 ^{vii}	3.0400
C6...O2	2.850 (2)	H6...H4 ^{vii}	2.2800
C6...C8 ^{viii}	3.528 (3)	H8...H1	2.1600
C7...C1 ^{ix}	3.407 (3)	H8...O4 ^{vi}	2.5700
C7...O3	3.104 (2)	H9...O1 ^{iv}	2.6700
C2—O1—H1A	109.00	C7—C8—C9	128.38 (17)
C10—O3—H3A	109.00	C8—C9—C10	132.05 (17)
C1—N1—C7	128.71 (15)	O3—C10—C9	120.93 (15)
C1—N1—H1	116.00	O4—C10—C9	118.85 (17)
C7—N1—H1	116.00	O3—C10—O4	120.22 (17)
N1—C1—C6	124.70 (16)	C2—C3—H3	120.00
C2—C1—C6	119.82 (16)	C4—C3—H3	120.00
N1—C1—C2	115.48 (15)	C3—C4—H4	120.00
C1—C2—C3	119.73 (16)	C5—C4—H4	120.00
O1—C2—C1	116.18 (15)	C4—C5—H5	120.00
O1—C2—C3	124.10 (16)	C6—C5—H5	120.00
C2—C3—C4	119.91 (17)	C1—C6—H6	120.00
C3—C4—C5	120.47 (18)	C5—C6—H6	120.00
C4—C5—C6	120.35 (17)	C7—C8—H8	116.00
C1—C6—C5	119.70 (17)	C9—C8—H8	116.00
O2—C7—N1	121.78 (16)	C8—C9—H9	114.00
O2—C7—C8	123.78 (16)	C10—C9—H9	114.00
N1—C7—C8	114.44 (15)		
C7—N1—C1—C2	-175.7 (2)	O1—C2—C3—C4	179.3 (2)
C7—N1—C1—C6	4.8 (4)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.0 (3)
C1—N1—C7—O2	0.0 (4)	C2—C3—C4—C5	0.1 (4)
C1—N1—C7—C8	-179.6 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C6	1.0 (4)
N1—C1—C2—O1	0.9 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.2 (3)

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N1—C1—C2—C3	-178.76 (19)	O2—C7—C8—C9	2.6 (4)
C6—C1—C2—O1	-179.54 (19)	N1—C7—C8—C9	-177.8 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.8 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	1.2 (4)
N1—C1—C6—C5	179.9 (2)	C8—C9—C10—O3	-4.4 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.3 (3)	C8—C9—C10—O4	175.8 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y-1, z$; (ii) $-x+1/2, -y, z+1/2$; (iii) $x, y+1, z$; (iv) $-x, y+1/2, -z+3/2$; (v) $-x+1/2, -y+1, z+1/2$; (vi) $-x, y-1/2, -z+3/2$; (vii) $-x, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (viii) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$; (ix) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$; (x) $-x+1/2, -y, z-1/2$; (xi) $-x+1/2, -y+1, z-1/2$; (xii) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1 \cdots O1	0.86	2.20	2.6111 (19)	109
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C6—H6 \cdots O2	0.93	2.26	2.850 (2)	121
C8—H8 \cdots O4 ^{vi}	0.93	2.57	3.404 (2)	150

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y-1, z$; (vi) $-x, y-1/2, -z+3/2$.

Fig. 1

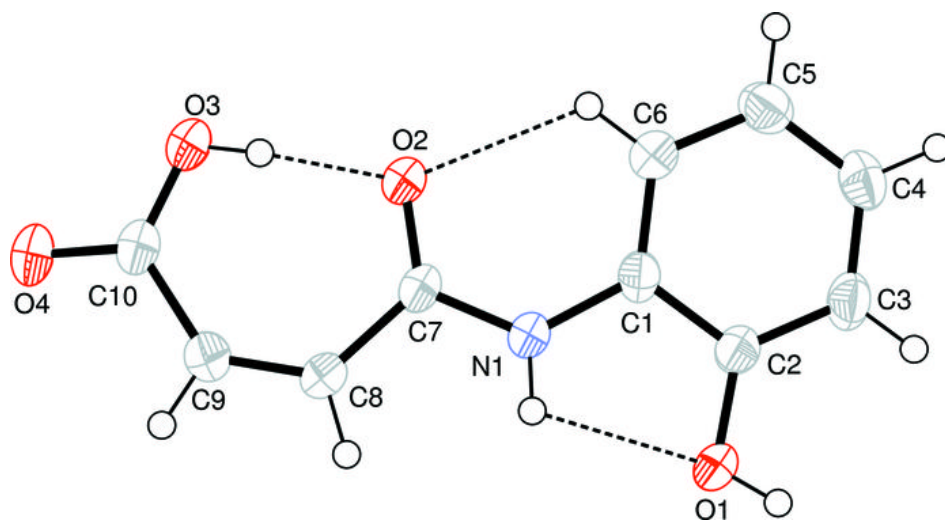


Fig. 2

